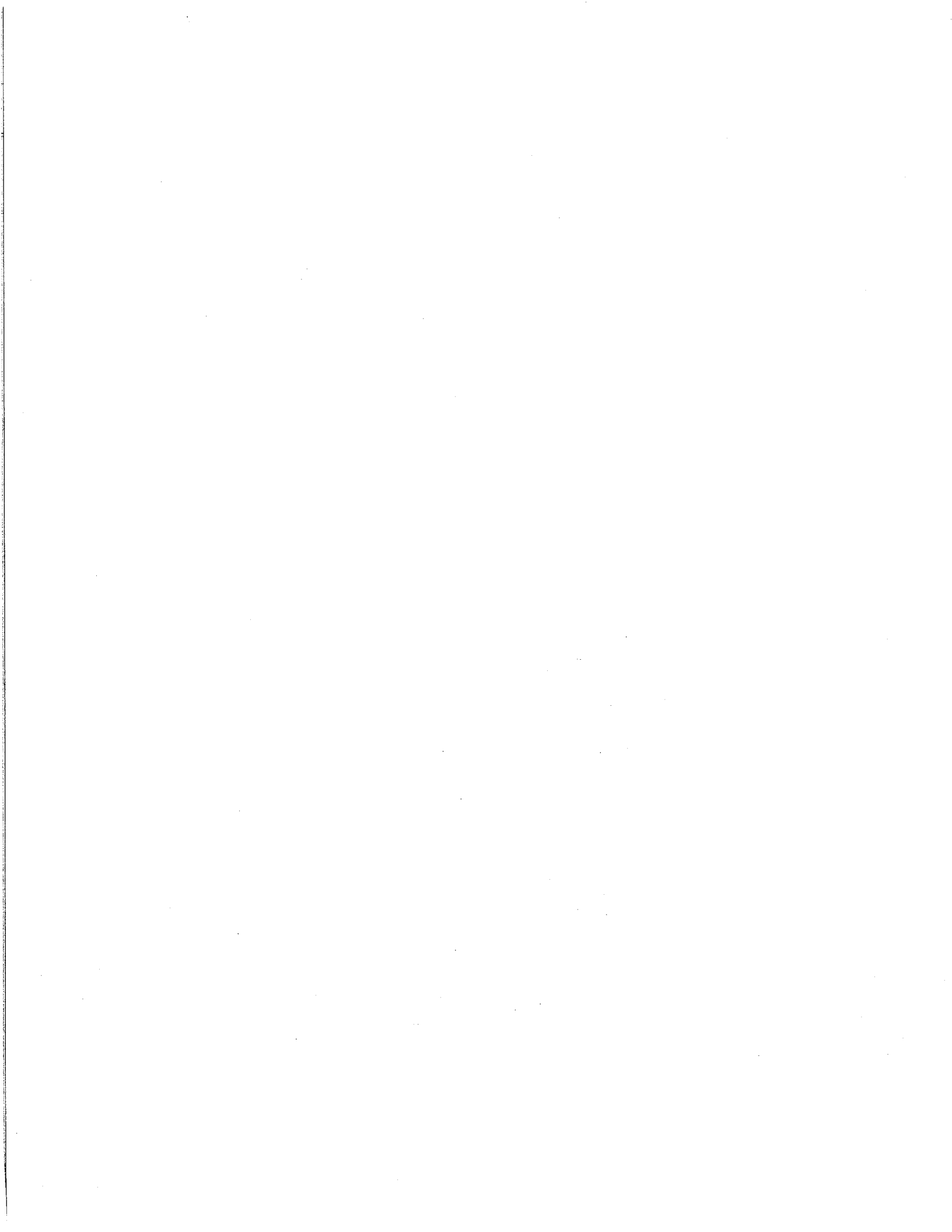


Cohen Middle School
100 Robinwood Avenue
Elmira Heights, NY 14903
734-5078

Name: _____ Date: January 22, 2020 _____

Math:	Finding the Whole Percent hmk: hksht
Social Studies:	- Section III Buddhism HW: Buddhism/Dowling
ELA:	Daily Warm Up Quiz Finish Food Truck
Science	① All who are behind must print their research - no matter what! ② Complete Triorama in class, <u>Finish</u> <u>for</u> <u>HW</u> ! <u>DUE THURSDAY!!</u>
Computer Apps/ Technology	



Name: _____

Date: _____

Buddhism

Buddhism is a world religion that began on the Indian subcontinent, but unlike Hinduism, Buddhism spread to many faraway lands. While Hinduism does not have a single founder, we can trace Buddhism back 2500 years to Siddhartha Gautama, a prince who lived in Shakya, a small kingdom at the foothills of the Himalayas in present day Nepal.

A legend says that before Siddhartha was born, a holy man told his father, King Suddhodana, that if Siddhartha remained in his father's palace, he would become a great king, but if he learned of the suffering of the outside world, Siddhartha would become a great teacher.

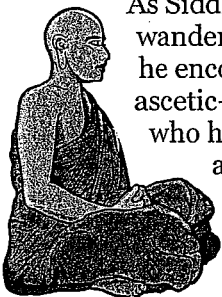
Because Suddhodana wanted Siddhartha to one day rule his kingdom, he shielded his son from anything unpleasant or disturbing.

Siddhartha was raised in luxury. Palace gardeners picked flowers soon after they blossomed so the young prince would never see death. When Siddhartha rode from the palace, guards cleared beggars and sick people from the streets before his chariot approached.

One day, Siddhartha saw two old men who had wandered into the path of his chariot; as the curious prince pursued these men he came across some people who were very ill. Then, he saw a funeral procession, and for the first time in his life, the prince encountered death. His chariot driver broke the news to Siddhartha that all of us get old, sick, and eventually die.

The prince was confused by what he had seen, so one night he put on a simple robe and secretly left his father's palace.

As Siddhartha wandered the streets, he encountered an ascetic—a holy man who had given up all comforts and



pleasures. Siddhartha observed that his new acquaintance was at peace, though he owned nothing.

The young prince left his palace and lived with Hindu gurus as an ascetic. He prayed and fasted. To fast is to eat little or no food. Siddhartha fasted so strictly that he became very weak. This made the prince realize that self-denial was not the path to truth.

Finally, Siddhartha sat down under a bodhi tree to meditate. To meditate is to calm your mind, often by focusing on a particular object. After many days and nights of contemplation, he reached enlightenment—a state of heightened wisdom.

Siddhartha realized that by putting aside one's

own selfish desires, a person can escape the cycle of death and rebirth to reach a state of peace and happiness called Nirvana.

Siddhartha told other people of his enlightenment and he became well known for his teaching. He taught his followers to seek balance in their lives. The path to happiness is neither through indulgence nor denial, he said, but a "middle way."

Siddhartha's students called him "the Buddha," which means "the Enlightened One," and the followers of Siddhartha's teachings are called Buddhists.

The Buddha did not want his teachings to replace other religions, though today over three hundred million Buddhists in all parts of the world adhere to his philosophy. His ideas traveled to China, Korea, Japan, and Southeast Asia. Buddhism lost most of its influence on the Indian subcontinent by the eighth century, partly because its ideas were absorbed into Hinduism, and partly due to the rise of Islam. Buddhism is a major religious and moral force in the world, but it has been all but unknown in its homeland for over one thousand years.

The Four Noble Truths of Buddhism

Upon reaching enlightenment, Siddhartha realized what Buddhists now call the Four Noble Truths:

1. There will always be suffering in life.
2. The cause of suffering comes from our desire to continually search for something outside ourselves.
3. The way to end suffering is to overcome selfish desires.
4. The way to overcome selfish desires is to follow the eightfold path.

The Eightfold Path of Buddhism

Right View—Accept the world as it is and not as you want it to be.

Right Intention—Be motivated by good will, kindness, and empathy rather than anger, resentment, or greed.

Right Speech—Strive for your word to be helpful; do not lie or gossip.

Right Conduct—Be aware of your behavior and always work to be better.

Right Livelihood—Choose a career that results in joy rather than suffering.

Right Effort—Avoid anger, jealousy and other negative thoughts.

Right Mindfulness—Be aware and control your thoughts and emotions so your thoughts and emotions do not control you.

Right Meditation—Focus your mind and body so that you can find the path to enlightenment.

Name: _____
Date: _____

Fill in the Blanks

Buddhism is a r_l_g on that began on the Indian s_b_o_t_n_nt and spread to C_i_a, Korea, J_p_n, and s_u_h_a_t Asia. Buddhism is rooted in the teaching of S_d_h_r_ha Gautama, a p_in_e who lived at the foothills of the H_m_l_y_s about _____ years ago. Siddhartha was raised in such l_xu_y that he was not allowed to see anything u_p_e_s_nt or d_s_u_b_ng. When Siddhartha did encounter s_f_e_i_g and d_a_h, he began a spiritual quest that ended when he achieved a state of heightened w_sd_m called enlightenment. Siddhartha then became known as the B_dd_a, which means “the E_l_g_t_n_d One.”

The Buddha taught his followers that the path to happiness is not found in i_d_l_e_c_e or d_ni_l. Instead they should seek b_l_n_e in their lives by finding a “m_d_le way.” Buddhists believe in *re_nc_rn_ti_n, but they also believe you can escape the cycle of d_a_h and r_b_r_h by putting aside your s_l_i_h desires. The Buddha did not want his *t_a_h_n_s to replace other religions, though today over three hundred million B_d_h_s_s adhere to his p_i_o_o_hy.

Answer in Complete Sentences

*1. Why would someone want to live as an ascetic? (You may want to ask your parent for help.)

2. How are Buddhism and Hinduism similar?

*3. According to the Four Noble Truths of Buddhism, why is there suffering and what can we do to end suffering?

*4. How would you summarize the Eightfold Path of Buddhism?

*This is a higher order learning question. Any reasonable answer is acceptable.

ALERT THE PEOPLE!

YOUR MISSION: Choose a storm: Winter Storm, Flood, Drought, Tornado, or Hurricane & create a TRIORAMA storm scene that informs others about the dangers.

CAUTION CAUTION CAUTION CAUTION

DIRECTIONS:

1. Pick a storm:
2. Follow the directions for making a TRIORAMA: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vlDrGFBR8yw>
3. Your TRIORAMA must include the following **INFORMATION** *(from this storm's page in this packet)*:
 - a. Name of storm
 - b. **DESCRIPTION** of what it is
 - c. **HOW IT FORMS**, what causes it, or conditions necessary
 - d. **DANGER!**- List 3-5 dangers to be aware of with this type of storm
 - e. **KEEP SAFE!**- List 3-5 ways to keep safe during this type of storm
 - f. Other info you found interesting
4. Your TRIORAMA must include the following **VISUAL ELEMENTS**:
 - a. A neatly colored foreground
 - b. A neatly colored background
 - c. Images that accurately depict this storm

ART SUPPLIES:

Paper Glue
Tape Foil
Cotton Colored Pencils
Plus, anything else you
would like to use in your
scene

Name: _____

Date Due: Thursday, January 21, 2020

Severe Weather Disaster. Triorama Project Scorecard

Directions:

1. Complete the score card on your own.
2. To earn FIVE points, you must have complete, thorough information, NOT JUST LISTS

Category	Exceptional 5	Good 4	Poor 3	2	1	<u>My Score</u>	<u>Peer Score</u>
Name of Storm • Neat, In color, Bold/visible	5	4	3	2	1		
Required Information matches teacher notes:							
--Description (What it is)	5	4	3	2	1		
--How it forms (specific, matches research)	5	4	3	2	1		
--Dangers (complete / matches the storm)	5	4	3	2	1		
--Keep Safe (3-5)	5	4	3	2	1		
Visual Elements							
--Neatly colored Foreground	5	4	3	2	1		
--Neatly colored background	5	4	3	2	1		
--images / objects (creatively) match storm	5	4	3	2	1		
Responsibility with Triorama							
--project is on time							
--followed all directions	5	4	3	2	1		
--Used materials / tools wisely (no mess)							

Final Triorama Project Score: _____ / 50

Comments:

BACKGROUND
COLOR BEFORE
GLUE)

Foreground
(DO THIS LAST)

PUT GLUE ON THIS SIDE

A. NAME OF STORM ← creative
neat,
colored

B. DESCRIPTION

C. D.
HOW
IT
FORMS
LIST
Dangers

(be
specific)

E AND
How to Keep
Safe

Carefully read the problems below. Set up a percent bar or percent proportion to solve.

$$\frac{\%}{100} = \frac{\text{PART}}{\text{WHOLE}}$$

3. A farmer decides to sell ¹⁶ pounds of his small 48-pound potato crop. What percent of the crop did he sell?

$$\frac{P}{W} = \frac{\%}{100}$$

$$\frac{16}{48} = \frac{x}{100}$$

$$48x = 100 \cdot 16$$

$$\frac{48x}{48} = \frac{1600}{48}$$

$$x =$$

4. For every \$10 Glen earns, his parents require him to save \$2. What percent of his money does he get to spend?

5. Coach Thomas has a player who made 9 free throw shots out of 15 in tryouts. To make the team, a player must be able to shoot 65% of the free throws. Will this player make the team?

6. A kindergarten class has 9 girls and 11 boys. What percent of the class are girls?

7. Joey has 8 pairs of socks in his drawer. Five of them are white. What percent of colored socks does Joey have?

8. It rained seven days during the month of April. About what percent of the month did it rain?

Summarize today's lesson:



PERCENT APPLICATION: FINDING THE PERCENT

Set up a proportion or a percent bar to solve each of the problems below.

1. In the computer lab, there are 14 Apple computers and 16 PC computers. Approximately what percent of the computers are PCs?

Target Statement _____

Show Work:

2. A mom mixes 9 ounces of juice with 3 ounces of water. What percent of the drink is juice?

Target Statement _____

Show Work:

Review:

7. A company announces that it will be giving 15% of its profits to charity. If the company profits \$32,000, how much money will it give to charity?

Target Statement _____

Show Work:

8. The public library has volunteers shelve books after they have been returned. Lisa shelves 165 books in 25 minutes. Patricia shelves 198 books in 45 minutes. How many books can Lisa shelve each minute?

Target Statement _____

Show Work: